



CLASS NOTES-ANSWERS

EXERCISE 2.3

1. Find:

$$(i) \frac{1}{4} \text{ of} \quad a. \frac{1}{4} \quad b. \frac{3}{5} \quad c. \frac{4}{3}$$

$$(ii) \frac{1}{7} \text{ of} \quad a. \frac{2}{9} \quad b. \frac{6}{5} \quad c. \frac{3}{10}$$

Answer:

$$(i) a. \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$b. \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{20}$$

$$c. \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } \frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(ii) a. \frac{1}{7} \text{ of } \frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{2}{63}$$

$$b. \frac{1}{7} \text{ of } \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{6}{35}$$

$$c. \frac{1}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{10} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{3}{70}$$

2. Multiply and reduce to lowest form (if possible):

$$(i) \frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3} \quad (ii) \frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9} \quad (iii) \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4} \quad (iv) \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$(v) \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8} \quad (vi) \frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10} \quad (vii) \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7}$$

Answer:

$$(i) \frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{8}{3} = \frac{16}{9} = 1\frac{7}{9}$$

$$(ii) \frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{2 \times 7}{7 \times 9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$(iii) \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$$

$$(iv) \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{27}{25} = 1\frac{2}{25}$$

$$(v) \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8} = \frac{15}{24} = \frac{5}{8}$$



$$(vi) \frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{33}{20} = 1 \frac{13}{20}$$

$$(vii) \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7} = \frac{48}{35} = 1 \frac{13}{35}$$

3. Multiply the following fractions:

$$(i) \frac{2}{5} \times 5 \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(ii) 6 \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9}$$

$$(iii) \frac{3}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(iv) \frac{5}{6} \times 2 \frac{3}{7}$$

$$(v) 3 \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7}$$

$$(vi) 2 \frac{3}{5} \times 3$$

$$(vii) 3 \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}$$

Answer:

$$(i) \frac{2}{5} \times 5 \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{21}{4} = \frac{21}{10} = 2 \frac{1}{10}$$

$$(ii) 6 \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{32}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{224}{45} = 4 \frac{44}{45}$$

$$(iii) \frac{3}{2} \times 5 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{16}{3} = \frac{16}{2} = 8$$

$$(iv) \frac{5}{6} \times 2 \frac{3}{7} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{17}{7} = \frac{85}{42} = 2 \frac{1}{42}$$

$$(v) 3 \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{17}{5} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{68}{35} = 1 \frac{33}{35}$$

$$(vi) 2 \frac{3}{5} \times 3 = \frac{13}{5} \times 3 = \frac{39}{5} = 7 \frac{4}{5}$$

$$(vii) 3 \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{25}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{15}{7} = 2 \frac{1}{7}$$

4. Which is greater:

$$(i) \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8}$$

$$(ii) \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7}$$

Answer:

$$(i) \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{7} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{14} = \frac{3 \times 4}{14 \times 4} = \frac{12}{56}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3 \times 7}{8 \times 7} = \frac{21}{56}$$



$$\frac{21}{56} > \frac{12}{56}$$

$$\text{So, } \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8} > \frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{(ii) } \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{7} = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\frac{3}{7} > \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\text{So, } \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} > \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7}$$

5. Saili plants 4 saplings, in a row, in her garden. The distance between two adjacent saplings is $\frac{3}{4}$ m. Find the distance between the first and the last sapling.

Answer: Total number of saplings = 4

$$\text{Distance between two adjacent saplings} = \frac{3}{4} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Distance between the first and the last sapling} = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= 3 \times \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= \frac{9}{4} \text{ m}$$

$$= 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ m}$$

Thus, the distance between the first and last sapling is $2\frac{1}{4}$ m.

6. Lipika reads a book for $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours everyday. She reads the entire book in 6 days. How many hours in all were required by her to read the book?

Answer: Number of hours taken by Lipika to read a book everyday



$$= 1 \frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4} \text{ hours}$$

Number of days taken to read the entire book = 6 days

Total number of hours required by her to read the book

$$= \frac{7}{4} \times 6 = \frac{42}{4} = \frac{21}{2} = 10 \frac{1}{2} \text{ hours.}$$

Thus, $10 \frac{1}{2}$ hours in all were required by Lipika to read the book.

7. A car runs 16 km using 1 litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover using $2 \frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol.

Answer: Distance covered by the car using 1 liter of petrol = 16 km

$$\text{Distance covered by using } 2 \frac{3}{4} \text{ litres of petrol} = 2 \frac{3}{4} \times 16$$

$$= \frac{11}{4} \times 16$$

$$= 11 \times 4$$

$$= 44 \text{ km}$$

Thus, distance covered by car using $2 \frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol is 44 km.

8. (a) (i) Provide the number in the box \square , such that $\frac{2}{3} \times \square = \frac{10}{30}$

(ii) The simplest form of the number obtained in \square is _____.

- (b) (i) Provide the number in the box \square , such that $\frac{3}{5} \times \square = \frac{24}{75}$

(ii) The simplest form of the number obtained in \square is _____.

Answer:

$$(a) \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{10}{30}$$

The simplest form of $\frac{5}{10}$ is $\frac{1}{2}$.



$$(b) \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{8}{15} = \frac{24}{75}$$

The simplest form of $\frac{8}{15}$ is $\frac{8}{15}$ itself.

